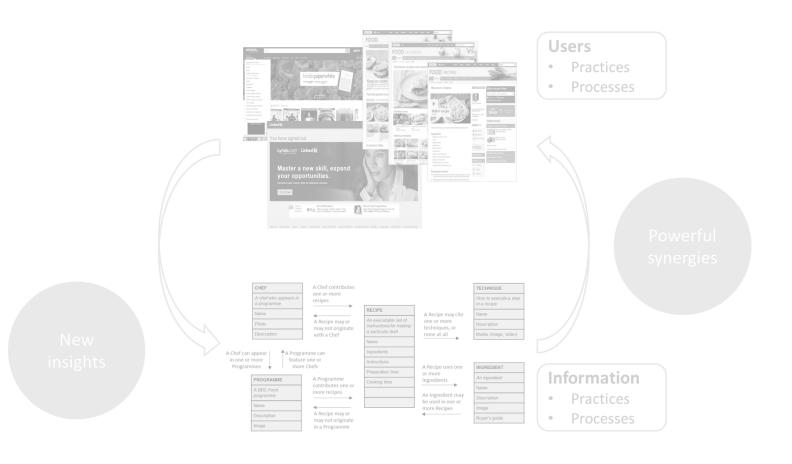


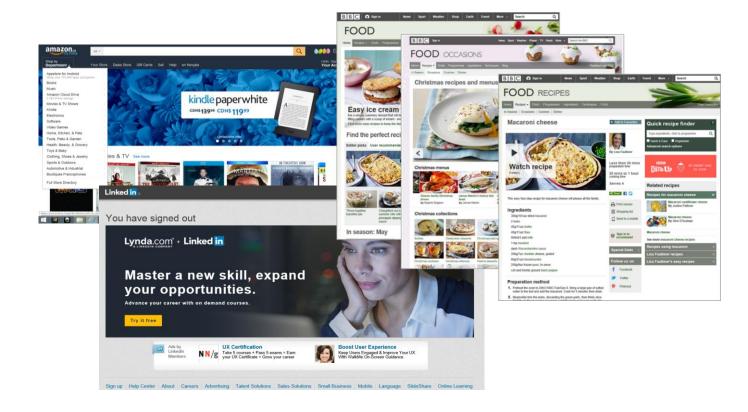
Why UXers should understand the language of information





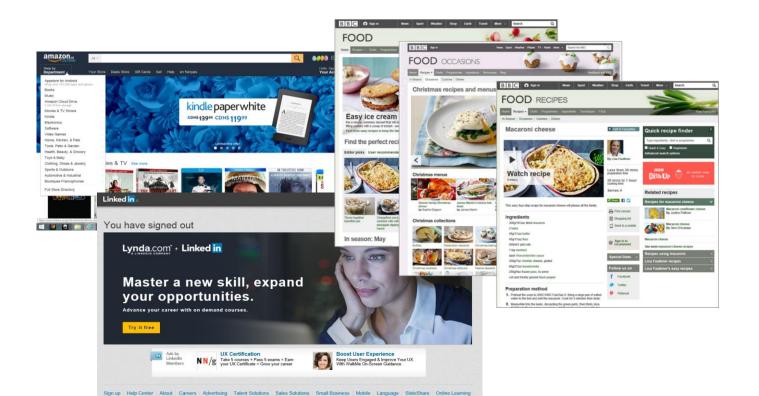
Concepts





UXers design
information products
 to meet
 user needs





information products
to meet
user needs

So they should understand information as well as users





Users

- layout
- interaction
- functionality
- tone
- readability
- usability
- flow

UXers understand **users** very well





Information

considerations?

How well do
UXers
understand
information





Information

- information model
- granularity
- relationships
- reusability
- metadata
- curation

Some information considerations





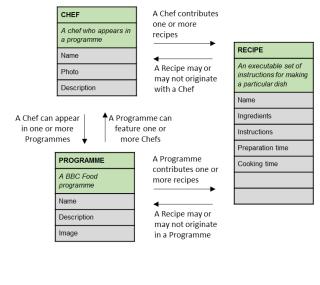
Information

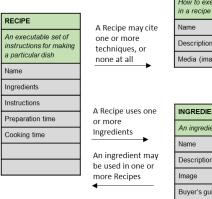
- information model
- granularity
- relationships
- reusability
- metadata
- curation

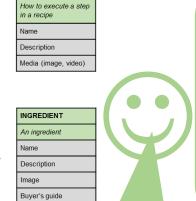
Some information considerations

Information considerations and screenshots don't work well together









TECHNIQUE



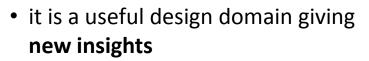
- information model
- granularity
- relationships
- reusability
- metadata
- curation

Some information considerations

Information considerations and information representations work great together



UXers should understand information because

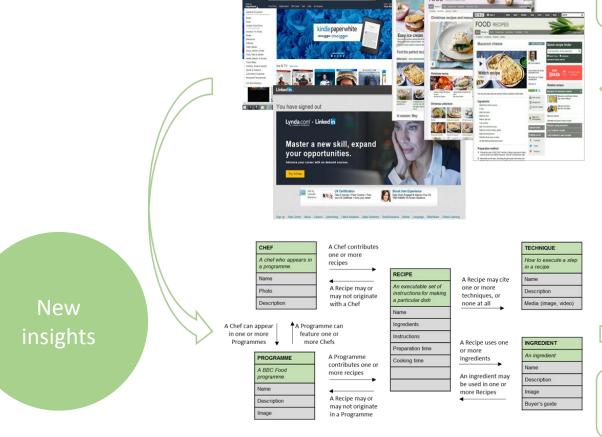


• it has **powerful synergies** with user centered design









Users

- Practices
- Processes

Powerful synergies

Information

- Practices
- Processes



Illustrations



Illustration: seeing the same solution from multiple points of view

Here we see three ways of looking at what seems to be a simple piece of content.

This skill is especially useful when deconstructing an existing solution during a makeover or when thinking about a mobile version.



1 User view



Edmonton

1016 Calgary Trail Edmonton, AB Phone: (403) xxx-xxxx Fax: (403) xxx-xxxx Email: edmonton@ourco.coi

Manager: Fred Bloggs, VP Alberta fbloggs@ourco.com solution, different views

2 Information view

| OFFICE |
|---------------------------------------|
| One of the consulting group's offices |
| Office name |
| Address [+] |

| MANAGER |
|--------------------------|
| The manager at an office |
| Name |
| Title |
| Email |

| CONTACT METHOD |
|--------------------------------|
| A way of contacting the office |
| Method |
| Parameter |

3 Labelled user view

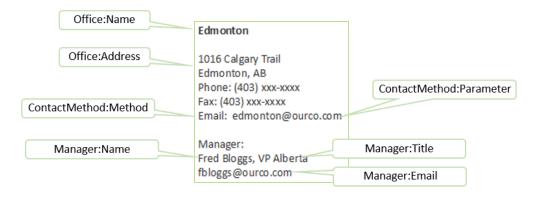




Illustration: presenting information according to user goals

There are always multiple ways to present a given set of information.

Even something as straightforward as a recipe can be shaped quite differently when we perform a detailed assessment of user goals and strategies.



RECIPE

An executable set of instructions for making a particular dish

Name

Ingredients

Instructions

Preparation time

Cooking time

Servings

Shopping notes

Same information, different goals

Goal 1: find a suitable recipe

Will I enjoy this dish?
Can I make this recipe?
Do I understand the ingredients?
Will I be able to find the ingredients?

Nature of UX:

decision support

Goal 2: shop for ingredients

What do I already have? General or specialty store? Any shopping notes? Scale quantities if cooking for more or fewer people?

Nature of UX:

in store, low chrome print /mobile

Goal 3: prepare recipe

What have I already done? What has to be done next? Are there things that have to be done at the same time?

Nature of UX:

process management, kitchen



Illustration: sketching solution and information shape

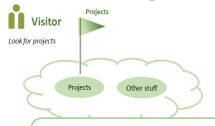
A user is visiting a consulting group's site to see if it can help with a project.

We evolve the solution shape by elaborating the user roles and actions.

n parallel with this, we evolve the information needed to support the solution.



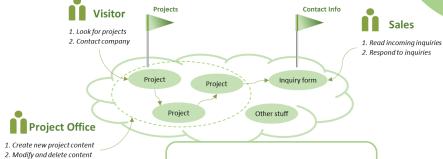
Iteration 1: start with goal for main user



User wants to find a project that matches their need. We need access methods for projects.

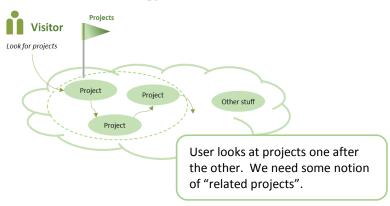
Evolving user model

Iteration 4: add other users

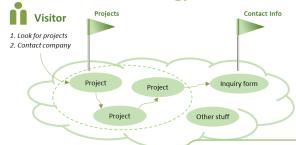


Other roles are needed to create content and respond to inquiries,

Iteration 2: add strategy for main user



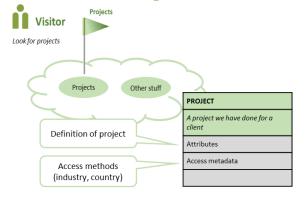
Iteration 3: extend strategy for main user



What happens after the user finds a project that meets their needs? We need to make it easy for them to contact us.

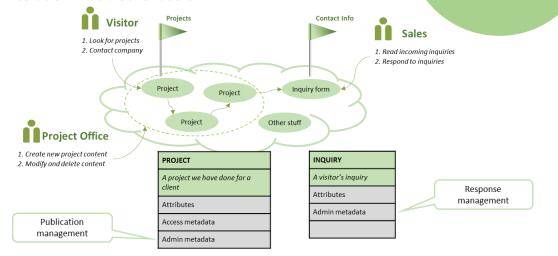


Iteration 1: start with goal for main user

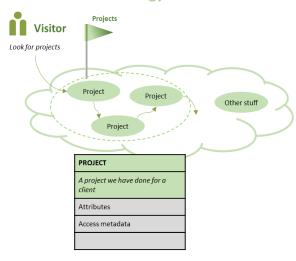


Evolving information model

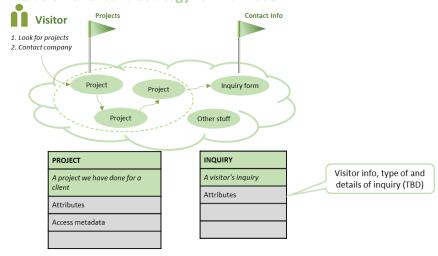
Iteration 4: add other users



Iteration 2: add strategy for main user



Iteration 3: extend strategy for main user





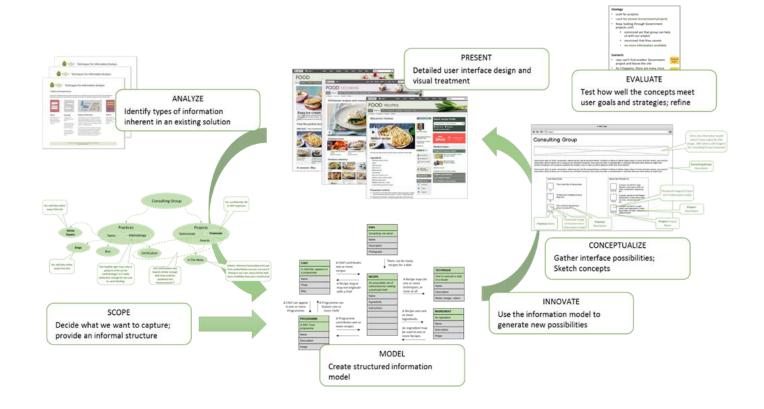
Want more



This material is part of our "Experiencing + Architecting Information" approach to designing information-rich solutions.

To read more, visit http://theinformationartichoke.com/ experiencing-architecting-toc/.

To incorporate these approaches into your projects or processes, or for other inquiries, email theinformationartichoke@gmail.com.





Thank you

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